

Curriculum Outline

Foreword

The curriculum at the Gospel Oak School reflects the ethos and values of the Central Region Schools Trust (CRST) and the family of academies within the trust. We believe that maintaining a broad and balanced curriculum across Key Stage 3 and 4 is vital to enable our pupils to be fully prepared for further study and the world of work. As such we have revised our Key Stage 3 curriculum across the CRST to ensure that all pupils receive both breadth and depth within their subjects.

We have resisted the narrowing of the curriculum and as such our pupils are therefore able to choose a variety of subjects to study past the end of Key Stage 3. In an increasingly competitive global employment market, we believe it is important that our pupils select a combination of subjects that gives them the best possible outcomes to allow them to take control of their future.

Furthermore, from September 2018 our Key Stage 5 curriculum moved to an A-level and Level 3 vocational qualifications, from the International Baccalaureate programme of study, which offered a wider range of subjects but lacked the depth of understanding that we feel is important for our pupils.

This guide supplements the other documents available; the School Prospectus, the Key Stage 4 Options Booklet and the Sixth Form Prospectus.

Our teachers are experts in their curriculum areas so please contact us if you would like to know any more.





Central Region Schools Trust (CRST)

Our aims:

We seek to develop confident and creative learners who can thrive in a changing world.

In order to achieve this, we have identified the **Knowledge**, **Skills** and **Experiences** which pupils are entitled to at CRST academies and the conditions in which our core **Attributes** will be nurtured.

Our curriculum will be the realisation of our shared aspirations for our learners

Knowledge (what we want our pupils to know and understand):

Our pupils are all entitled to:

- Know, understand and have mastered the key concepts and questions related to, and arising from, each subject discipline (Expert)
- Locate their experiences within a broader sense of society and understand the purpose and relevance of subject disciplines (Purposeful)
- Opportunities for dialogue within subjects to build and use subject specific vocabulary (Fluent)
- Know and understand their own learning journey with opportunities to explore progress and shape that journey (Self-Regulating)
- Know, understand and contribute to the assessment process (Self-Directing)

Attributes (what we want our pu<mark>pils</mark> to <mark>be lik</mark>e)

All schools will create the conditions in which these can be nurtured

Our pupils are all entitled to:

- Experience opportunities to take risks, doing so purposefully and with understanding (RiskTolerant)
- Demonstrate the willingness to persist and overcome difficulties in order to build resilience (Resilient)
- Reflect upon, and learn from, their own and others' behaviours (Reflective)
- Engage with, and develop appreciation of own communities (community spirited) and other communities including their lifestyles, cultures and values (Empathetic)





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Skills (what we want our pupils to be able to do)

Our pupils are all entitled to:

- Generate solutions to authentic problems and challenges with originality as part of a creative process (Problem-Solving)
- Interact purposefully with others, including groups and teams, in a variety of different contexts (Collaborative)
- Communicate effectively, frequently and purposefully through different channels including discussion, debate and questioning developing Oracy skills (Communicative)
- Access texts in order to interpret/understand and write effectively for different purposes (Literate)
- Engage in, understand and take responsibility for, their part in the learning process and, in addition contribute to the learning of others (Metacognitive)
- Learn how to study, retain key information and perform confidently in public examinations (Pragmatic)

Experiences (what we want our pupils to have accessed and enjoyed)

Our pupils are all entitled to:

- Enjoy, experience excitement and find significant value in, their school experience (Engaged and Enthused)
- Take an active part in visits and trips which are beyond their own life experience or those of their school (Cosmopolitan)
- Access meaningful and extended opportunities to appreciate what Higher Education and Employment can offer (Autonomous)
- Be fully involved in an ambitious project which impacts on a wider audience than their peers (Champion)
- Be stretched by a range of experiences which challenge their view of themselves and their future (Self-Aware)
- Experience authentic responsibility in and around school (Responsible)





KASE Descriptors

Knowledge Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Know, understand and have mastered the key concepts and questions related to, and arising from, each subject discipline. Expert	I can learn and remember all the important things in my lessons	 Concentrate throughout each lesson particularly when the teacher is describing 'important' information. Take care of exercise books and go over what you've written in each. Test yourself as you go: can you hide the page and describe what's hidden? Know which are the key words and concepts for the subject Make sure you understand and can use the key words and concepts. Give full answers wherever you can 	 Stay informed about the Curriculum requirements for your subject Continue to build your professional knowledge in your subject discipline Continue to build your pedagogical knowledge in your subject discipline Be fully aware of how progress will be measured and reported in your subject discipline Be fully aware of how pupils will be assessed in your subject discipline 	 Discuss, Agree, and Structure the curriculum content with your teaching teams. Agree the sequence in which the content will be delivered Isolate the key concepts and questions related to, and arising from the content Agree and Plan for the time given to the content Agree and Plan how the content, particularly the key concepts and questions, can be delivered to meet the RSA Central Pupil Entitlement

Knowledge Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Locate their experiences within a broader sense of society and understand the purpose and relevance of subject disciplines. Purposeful	I know about my learning and what makes it worthwhile	 Think about where you may have seen the topics you study in school used in everyday life Find out about people you know or have seen who have used their subject knowledge successfully Ask good questions in class about where and when you can use your new knowledge 	 Examine the topics you teach to see where and when links to life beyond school can be made Where desirable provide examples or case studies from life beyond school Explain the origins of the information, methods or thinking you are providing. We 'stand on the shoulders of giants!' 	educational successesHave biographical portraits of

Knowledge Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Opportunities for dialogue within subjects to build and use subject specific vocabulary. Fluent	I can talk to others about my learning using the key words	 Build up a list of key words and definitions in your subject exercise books In class experiment with new words and practice them aloud Take part in any class discussion activities 	 <i>definitions</i> in subject exercise books as lessons progress. Practice the use of paired and small group focused discussions. 	

Knowledge Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Know and understand their own learning journey with opportunities to explore progress and shape that journey. Self-Regulating	I know what to do to get better	 Make looking over your written work a habit When you get to your class open/ look over your work before you begin At the end of a lesson ask yourself <i>'what do I know now</i> <i>that I didn't know before?'</i> Practice until you get better! 	 Use the beginning of learning episodes to establish what is already known – and by implication not known or possibly misunderstood – and what would be good to know. Constantly point out and make explicit connections between units of knowledge within the current lesson and from previous lessons Include regular pupil review into your lessons: make these short and focused. They are summary exchanges between pupils. Listen in for misconceptions. Landmark how topics build upon each other to accumulate knowledge, skills and experiences. Use permanent visuals as reference points and reminders 	 Update the agreed RSA MAT lesson structure to give greater emphasis to knowledge and metaknowledge review Create time for teachers to integrate and landmark how topics build upon each other to accumulate knowledge, skills and experiences. Use time and resource to add permanent visuals – replicated in classrooms and in planners - as reference points and reminders

Knowledge Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Know, understand and contribute to the assessment process. Self- Directing	I know how well I am doing	 If at any time you get stuck – practice getting unstuck! Do so by thinking about it again, asking someone nearby, asking the teacher Listen carefully to any guidance your teacher gives you in class. Make sure you understand what is being said. Ask if you are not sure. Read any written comments and if you have to improve something then do so. Make sure you plan your time carefully so that all the homework gets done as best you can 	 Do not confuse 'doing' with learning. Being productive isn't the same as having learned. Be explicit in declaring the learning consequence of each teacher designed activity. Revisit this. Avoid 'what we will <u>do</u> next'- thinking! Design any <i>Success Criteria</i> around learning intentions and desired outcomes. Avoid preoccupying with time on task at the expense of the learning which could be taking place. Make 'Desirable Difficulties' or <i>Getting Stuck</i> part of the everyday learning experience. If it helps use concepts such as the 'Learning Pit' to explain how struggle is temporary but often necessary for learning. Practice becoming better at oral feedback which is succinct and located where needed most. Don't get sucked into lengthy interactions. Revisit any written comments you may have made to check for <i>Actions Arising</i>. 	

Skills Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Generate solutions to authentic problems and challenges with originality as part of a creative process. Problem Solving	ideas about how to	 Collect the information you need Ask great questions as you go Identify the key issue(s) Think about all the possible solutions Find the 'best' solution Test the solution 	 Vary how the information provided to pupils is presented and accessed Invite and harvest a range of questions and build expertise in asking skilful questions Model how to isolate what's important Explore a range of possible solutions Isolate the 'best' solution and demonstrate ways of doing so Evaluate and improve the problem solving process 	 Establish subject design teams to look closely at the content taught, the sequence in which it is taught, the time devoted and the optimal methods of delivery. Layer-in open-ended questions and space for problem solving to each topic taught. Build some aspects of the curriculum offer around big or 'hinge' questions which invite a multi-disciplinary approach Build problem-solving into school trips and theme days

Skills Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Interact purposefully with others, including groups and teams, in a variety of different contexts. Collaborative	I can be a useful member of any group or team	 Know how groups and teams work Make helpful contributions Stay involved to the end 	 Use the classroom seating layout to best suit how you wish pupils to learn but be prepared to change the layout. Ask yourself if it's best learned through a group task? If so. design meaningful group tasks which require team contributions. Teach pupils how to lead and contribute to a group, ask questions and listen Monitor who does what - and debrief the group dynamics so that contributions can improve Value group outcomes 	use of groupwork in classroom situations

Skills Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Communicate effectively, frequently and purposefully through different channels including discussion, presentation, debate and questioning. Oracy Communicative	I can articulate my views and ideas including being persuasive and influential in lots of different ways	 Speak up in class, asking questions and sharing your thoughts Listen respectfully to others and build on their ideas Learn new words and practice using them 	 Avoid classroom teaching methods which limit or inhibit pupils' opportunity to talk about their understanding Teach the skills of asking really good questions and model this skill in every lesson Practice think, pair, share Use pose, pause, pass, pounce, bounce questioning routines. Introduce and reinforce key vocabulary and insist on pupils using it Immerse the learning environment in the key words, phrases, questions and triggers 	 Agree what sorts of communication we should be seeing pupils develop across our schools. Define the expectancy by year group. Use this as the basis for an audit. Conduct a pupil trail in each school auditing the nature of the communication methods being asked of pupils. Log the amount of written work, the nature, frequency and purpose of questions, and the extent to which pupils are being asked to give extended oral responses. Use the information to give feedback to staff.
Access a variety of texts and write effectively for different purposes Literate	I can read fluently and write for different purposes	 Practice reading as often as possible Always have a reading book on the go Its ok to read hard stuff and make mistakes! Take care with your writing, plan ahead by thinking of who you are writing for. Keep your eyes open for different types of writing Good writers check their work and often rewrite parts of it. This is a good habit to develop. 	 Check all written texts provided for pupils for accessibility: what is the reading age of the text? How dense is the text on the page? How does it balance with any visuals? Provide sufficient time for any written materials you provide to be read and then re-read. Avoid the 'do you all understand?'' question. Check you are providing a range of written materials including wider reading 	 Support a whole school approach to accessibility Review what children are reading and when, and where, it takes place Nominate a key member of staff to oversee Reading Intervention. Ensure any reading intervention strategy begins early and is targeted at every pupil who needs it Check all written texts provided for pupils for accessibility: what is the reading age of the text? How dense is the text on the page? How does it balance with any visuals?

Skills Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Engage in, understand and take responsibility for, their part in the learning process and, in addition contribute to the learning of others. Metacognitive	I know what I have to do to be a good learner and I'm prepared to use that knowledge to help others	 Think about what you do, or say, or write in class carefully beforehand Practice explaining what you are doing or have done aloud when asked to Afterwards, think about how to improve what you did, or said or wrote If the way you thought about a problem was unhelpful - then change it for a better way 	 Connect classroom tasks deliberately and show how they link Slow down! Ask good questions around the thought processes which shape a pupil answer or response Make the learning 'visible' by taking time over model answers and unpacking the thinking of novices and experts • Give clear guidance about how to approach a task or question Invite and respond to a variety of ideas and answers – not just what is correct – and then unpack the thinking Show patterns Make connections with previous topics Expose misconceptions but explore why they arise Revisit material and ask how might they do this better? Model and promote Socratic questioning: clarifying, probing, evidencing, justifying, alternative perspectives, implications and consequences, questions about purpose. 	

Skills Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Learn how to study, retain key information and perform confidently in public examinations. Pragmatic	I know how to remember and use what I need for tests and exams	 Learning is often difficult so don't give up Practice taking really helpful notes Look back over your notes in your exercise books In class, test yourself on what you remember At home go over what you have been taught and check which bits you are unsure of then ask your teacher In exams re-read any questions you are being asked before you answer 	 Teach how to take useful notes. Do so explicitly. Model it by what you do in class. Use the concept of the learning pit and desirable difficulties as classroom metaphors Promote errors, re-drafts and improvements as integral to learning Teach and model efficient note taking techniques Make use of what we know about human memory in designing teaching interventions. Practice under exam conditions and debrief the experience in terms of preparedness, exam technique, anxiety management. 	notes in Year Seven to more structured and sophisticated as they get nearer the exam years.

Attributes Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Experience opportunities to take risks, doing so purposefully and with understanding Risk Tolerant	I am prepared to think things through and take risks to learn from them	 Try something new or do something in a way which is different. Then ask how it made you feel to have done so? Workout which things you do or are asked to do are in your <i>Comfort Zone</i>, Stretch Zone and Panic Zone! 	 Dissuade the pupils of the idea that risk is always to be feared. Explain the concept of the Comfort Zone. Give pupils a chance to map what is in their Comfort Zone, Stretch Zone and Panic Zone! Have the map in the exercise book and have them place concepts in the appropriate zone 	 Explain the concept of the Comfort Zone. Use assemblies and tutor sessions to reinforce the message. Encourage teaching staff to take 'considered' risks in their classroom teaching. Discuss what this might look like in departmental meetings.
Demonstrate the willingness to persist and overcome difficulties ir order to build resilience. Resilient		 If you are struggling with a topic in class. Step back. Think about it. Don't lose focus. Try again and if not then get help. Think about things you have done in life where it hasn't worked first time and you've had to have several goes at it. This is exactly like learning. It's not meant to be easy! 	involves struggling with things at first.Discuss and agree 'stretching'	 practice and stay involved. As part of ongoing CPD introduce Lesson Study in staff groups of three. Repeat the process over three terms. Be specific in what is being observed in class. Focus observation on children's learning not on teacher performance. Keep the focus narrow and show how improvement is iterative and occurs over time.

Attributes Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
			 Use opportunities in lessons to explore what can be done with difficult questions and complex problems. 	

Attributes Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Reflect upon, and learn from, their own and others' behaviours. Reflective	I think about what I do and why I do it	 Practice Champions Thinking. Get yourself quiet and calm. Take your time to think about how you will do what's next successfully. Have a plan in your head. Do the same afterwards: what did you do well? What could you improve? If you make a mistake change the way you went about it. Doing the same thing over and over and expecting a different result is not the best way to improve! 	 Don't be chasing pupils out of the door with homework tasks. Aim to finish earlier and review what has been learned. Connect to previous and subsequent topics where possible. Pose discussion questions about what's been learned and how we make that learning stick. <i>Sticky learning</i> 	

Attributes Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Engage with, and develop appreciation of, other communities their lifestyles, cultures and values. Empathetic	I will be community spirited and want to know more about people who are different to me	 Learn about and be involved with helping your own community Be curious! We are all different! Being different is good and how we are meant to be! In class, ask yourself – how would someone who is different to me think about this question? Take time to get to know people who are different to you. Think about the proverb – 'Don't judge me until you've walked a mile in my shoes.' What might it mean? 	 matters and issues where appropriate Familiarise yourself with the ideas behind Edward De <i>Bono's</i> 	ł

Experiences Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Enjoy, and find significant value in, their school experience. Engaged	I want to get something useful out of school and have fun whilst doing so	 Do your best in lessons. People who give it their best don't have any guilty feelings afterwards! Take part! Volunteer! Have a go at things if you get the opportunity! Smile! People who smile more have more friends! 	 What does engagement mean in your classroom? What synonyms would you use? Are pupils engaged if they are busy? Productive? Intent? Engagement can be categorised in four areas as below Preparedness and Attitude. Do pupils arrive ready to learn? Feedback and Guidance. Do pupils get the right information in the right way and at the right time to help them improve? Engagement and Questioning. Do pupils have the opportunity to make an active contribution to their learning, asking questions reflecting on and improving their wok? Memorability and Transfer. Will pupils remember what they have learned? Will they be able to use it when its needed - in other lessons, in exams outside of school? 	 Initiate some whole school research by Year Group on engagement. Invite the RSA staff to help. This would allow pupils to share the extent to which they feel that their learning involves, and is beneficial for, them. It also asks the question of the school community as to what engagement is and how it can be improved and then measured. Engagement questions for pupils can be categorised and researched in four areas: Preparedness and Attitude Feedback and Guidance Engagement and Questioning Memorability and Transfer

Experiences Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Experience excitement in learning. Enthused	Learning gives me a buzz	 Make a commitment! Give everything your best shot and help others around you to so the same. Surprise others – parents, family, friend – by showing them what you have learned Its ok to be unhappy or feel down but not all the time! Practice switching your mood using your mood meter: 1 is down and not feeling too good, 10 is super enthusiastic! Can you move your mood meter up today? 	 It's hard to enthuse pupils if you are less than enthusiastic yourself so however bad your day has been put that to one side! Your personal energy and enthusiasm will radiate out in the classroom. Negativity will drain the life from it. Are you a radiator or a drain? Being informed about your subject allows you to be contemporary and to talk about its presence in everyday life! 	 which are espoused. Personal energies, particularly leadership energies and enthusiasms will radiate out in the classroom. Negativity will drain the life from it.

Experiences Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Take an active part in visits and trips which are beyond their own life experience or those of their school. Cosmopolitan	I make the most of visits outside of school	 Before you go on a visit remind yourself where you are going and why you are going there. Be prepared. Take everything you need. Do some research beforehand. Find out more about where you are going. 	 Share your interests and enthusiasms. You can provide insights into worlds which your pupils have yet to experience. It's not patronising, its inviting. If you go on a visit do your research beforehand and talk it up. Prime the expectation. Build interest. 	 Schedule and align visits and trips which are beyond pupils' own life experience with learning within the curriculum. Before committing to any visit or trip clarify the purpose and benefits. Use the RSA KASE entitlements to help. Ensure all staff know and can plan for, or adapt what they do, the outcomes of each visit. Align external visitors, organisations and speakers in support of agreed RSA KASE entitlements. Share the RSA KASE entitlements with each. Keep a central diary of visits and trips and who comes into school so that you can cross-check against the agreed RSA KASE entitlements.

Experiences Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Access meaningful and extended opportunities to appreciate what Higher Education and Employment can offer. Autonomous	I want to find out more about what's possible for me when I leave school	 What's your favourite subject? Ask your subject teacher about jobs which use those skills. Find out about people you may know who left school and went on to Higher Education or a job. What was it like? Be your own person! It's what you want to do which counts. 	 Tell pupils about jobs which use the skills you are teaching. Share the profiles of pupils you have taught who have gone on and had success in that subject. 	 Form partnerships with Higher Education and Employment Share the RSA KASE entitlements with Higher Education and Employment partners and with parents. Invite Alumni back to part in Higher Education and Employment events
Be fully involved in an ambitious project which impacts on a wider audience than their peers. Champion	I get involved in a project which benefits others	 Help at home. Help at school. Help in your community. 	 Find time to learn more about pupils and some of the things they do beyond school 	 Promote involvement in any ambitious project which impacts on a wider audience than their peers. Create and support groups of student Champions for aspects of school life: Environment Champions, IT Champions, Learning Champions. Performance Champions.
Be stretched by a range of experiences which challenge their view of themselves and their future. Self-Aware	l'm prepared to give new experiences a go!	 Look upon a new experience as a challenge! As something which will help you become a better person. You make improvements and become better a little bit at a time. Don't expect too much too early. 	Use the Comfort Zone activity described above to encourage pupils to talk about their approach to new experiences.	 Use the Comfort Zone concept at a whole school level to encourage pupils to be stretched by a range of experiences which challenge their view of themselves and their future.

Experiences Entitlement	Pupil Definition	Pupil Strategies	Teacher Interventions	School Interventions
Experience authentic responsibility in and around school. Responsible	I do things which help others in the school	 Volunteer! Help others who may need your help Be a good friend to those around you 	 Explore the possibility of classroom roles which can be rotated and which support learning: plenary prefects, learning detectives, discussion director. 	 Use the idea of Student Champions to showcase responsibility within aspects of school life: Environment Champions, IT Champions, Learning Champions. Performance Champions.

Enrichment

Students learn in many ways and our role is to ensure that they experience a wide range of activities both within and beyond the classroom, which extends their learning into new areas. At the School all students have access to our Enrichment Programme which takes place before school, during lunch times and afterschool. Students have the ability to sign up for activities throughout the school week.

For more information on the enrichment programme, including the enrichment timetable, please see the school's website.







Key Stage 3

At Key Stage 3 we offer a balanced suite of subjects that meets the requirements of the National Curriculum. All students study Mathematics, English, Science, History, Geography, Art, Music, Drama, Dance, ICT, Design (Food and Design technology), Physical Education, Religious Education, RSHE and a language. All students will also take part in a lesson of accelerated reader each week.

Students are set based on ability in Core Subjects, these sets are then the basis of the groupings in foundation subjects.

All lessons are 1 hour and we run a 2 week timetable, the numbers of allocated hours are as below:

Subject	Number of
	hours allocated
English	7
Accelerated reader	1
Maths	8
S <mark>cienc</mark> e	7
History	4
Geography	4
MFL	3
RE	2
Art	2
Drama	2
Dance	1
Music	2
Product design	1
Food	1
ICT	1
PE	3
RSHE	1
Total	50





Key Stage 4

Students are set on ability in Core subjects. Each student will study for examinations in English Language, English Literature, Mathematics and Double Science.

Students are then able to select three additional option subjects. These maybe further GCSEs (including triple Science), or alternatively, high quality vocational subjects which could provide a pathway to realistic and potentially rewarding career options.

As a school we would agree that for some students studying a humanity and a language (in addition to the core) is likely to provide a strong foundation for further study at A level and degree and enable students to keep their options open for a wide range of degree subjects and career opportunities.

All students will be interviewed prior to choosing their subjects as part of our 'Guided Choices Pathways' and in consultation with a member of staff they will make choices based on their prior attainment in Key Stage 3 in addition to their interest in the subject. We aim to ensure students are all on the right course and therefore parents/ guardians are also involved in this process.

Further information can be found in our KS4 Guided Choices booklet.

Subject	Numb <mark>er o</mark> f hours
	a <mark>lloca</mark> ted
English	9
Maths	9
Science	9
Option 1	5
Option 2	5
Option 3	5
Option 4	5
PE	2
PSHE (delivered by tutors)	1
Total	50

Year 10





Year 11

Subject	Number of hours allocated
English	10
Maths	10
Science	10
Option 1	6
Option 2	6
Option 3	6
PE	1
PSHE (del <mark>ivered by t</mark> utors)	1
Total	50

Option subjects on offer:

<u>GCSEs</u>

Triple Science History Geography Spanish French Computer science Citizenship Photography PE Product Design Sociology RE

Level 2 BTECs Art Business Dance Drama Childcare Health & Social Care Hospitality Music Sport





Post – 16

Students entering into Year 12 will choose to study three subjects at A Level or equivalent. Students can choose between an academic pathway (A Levels), a vocational pathway (equivalents), or a combination of the two.

Each subject will be given 5 hours of teacher led time a week and an additional 5 hours of independent study will be set for students to complete away from the classroom. 5 hours of directed study time will also be on students' timetables where students use school facilities to complete their independent work. Students have 5 hours of free periods on their timetables where they are allowed to sign out and leave the school site.

Our expectations of a Post 16 student are high! We expect all our students to take responsibility for their own learning and they will be given the support and advice needed to help develop these vital skills of independent learning.

As a member of the school's sixth form students will be expected to take part in school and local community events as part of our sixth form distinctiveness programme and have opportunities to be active members of our student leadership team.

Subjects offered are:

A Level: Biology Chemistry Criminology English Literature Geography History Mathematics Product Design Psychology Physics Religious Studies

BTEC Level 3:

Art & Design Business studies Performing Arts - Dance Performing Arts - Drama IT Music Performance Sport





Further information can be found in our Post 16 Prospectus and on the Sixth form area of the website.







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